

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

VOLUME X.—NUMBER 510.

STANFORD, KY., TUESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1883.

NEW SERIES—NUMBER 113.

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

W. P. WALTON, - - - Editor and Proprietor
T. R. WALTON, - - - Business Manager

Published Tuesdays and Fridays,
AT—
\$2.50 PER ANNUM.

Readers don't send stamps in payment of subscription, except to make change, and then of donations not over three cents.

The Girl Boy at Breakfast.

"Yes," said the boy, with a vacant look, "I take no interest in the pleasure of the chase any more, though I did have a little quiet fun this morning at the breakfast table. You see pa is the contrary man ever was. If I complain that anything at the table don't taste good, pa says it's all right. This morning I took the syrup pitcher and emptied out the white syrup and put in some cod-liver oil that ma is taking for her cough. I put some on my pancakes and pretended to taste it, and I told pa the syrup was sour, and not fit to eat. Pa was mad in a second, and he poured out some on his pancakes and said I was getting too confounded particular. He said the syrup was good enough for him, and he topped his pancakes into it and fired some down his neck. He is a gaul darned hypocrite—that's what he is. I could see by his face that the cod-liver oil was near killing him, but he said the syrup was all right, and if I didn't eat mine he'd break my neck; and by gosh I had to eat it, and pa he guessed he hadn't got much appetite and he would just drink a cup of coffee and eat a donut. I like to die, and that I think makes this disappointment in love harder to bear. But I felt sorry for ma. Ma ain't got a very strong stomach, and when she got some of that cod liver oil in her mouth she went up stairs sick as a horse, and pa had to help her, and she had no ragin' all the morning. I eat pickles to take the taste out of my mouth, and then I laid for the hired girls. They eat too much syrup any way, and when they got on to that cod liver oil and swallowed a lot of it, one of them an Irish girl, she got up from the table and put her hand on her corset and said 'howdy Mass!' and went out into the kitchen looking as pale as ma does when she has powder on her face, and the other girl who is Dutch, she swallowed a pancake and said, 'Mine Gott, vas de matter from me,' and she went out and leaned against the coal bin. Then they talked Irish and Dutch, and got clubs and started to look for me, and I thought I would come over here. The whole family is sick, but it is not from love, like my illness, and they will get over it, while I shall fill an early grave but not until I have made that girl and the telegraph messenger wish they was dead. Pa and I are going to Chicago next week, and I'll bet we'll have some fun. Pa says I need a change of air, and I think he is going to try to lose me. It's a cold day when I get left any where that I can't find my way back. Well, good bye, old potatoes."—[Peck's Sun.]

A WOMAN'S OPINION OF TROUSERS.—Trousers positively excite my wrath, they are so outrageously ugly. Take a pair and hang them up anywhere—on a nail, the back of a chair. What mean, contemptible, looking things they are! Look at these long, helpless, dangling legs!—One almost expects to see them run off with themselves to hide their consciousness. Of course they are soiled and slovenly; they must be, for they are too tight to be held up like our poor, much abused skirts, and quite long enough, when the streets are wet, to receive all the muddy, flying drops of the boot heels. Indeed, so little respect have men themselves for this detestable garment, that I have more than once seen them rub out the accumulation of dust with a blacking brush.—[Chicago Lecture.]

Celluloid is a composition of fine tissue paper and camphor, treated with chemicals by a patented process. A rather common impression that it contains gun cotton is a mistake, which arises from confounding it with celloidin. Celluloid, it is said, is entirely non explosive, and burns only when in direct contact with flame. When crude it looks like transparent gum, and its color is a light yellow brown. It can be made as hard as ivory, but is always elastic, and can be molded into any conceivable form. With equal ease it can be colored in any tint desired, the dye running through the entire substance, and being, therefore, ineffaceable.

From Different Standpoints.

Not long since Wakefield Starkey, of Austin, while crossing the track of the International & Great Northern Railroad on a valuable mule, was struck by the locomotive and killed. The mule was also hurled into eternity. Wakefield Starkey, although a perfect gentleman on the street, was a domestic tyrant of the deepest dye. Without any provocation whatever, he used to beat his wife and lock her up in a wardrobe; hence, when she heard of his death, it was not so much a case of heavy bereavement as it was of mitigated affliction. As the engineer of the locomotive was clearly to blame for the accident, it was suggested to the widow that she bring suit for damages. She resolved to do so, and called at the office of the railway company. The proper official happened to be in. The widow had such a clear case against the company that it was deemed advisable to compromise the matter.

"Now, madam," said the official, after the widow had thrown back her veil and stated her business, "we are willing to do what is fair in this matter. There is really no occasion to go to law. It is a delicate subject to discuss; so I think, without going into the merits of it, I will tender you a check for \$4,000 and you will sign a paper releasing the company from all further demands."

The widow started and said: "How much?"

"I am authorized to pay you \$4,000."

"I accept it," she said very much agitated.

The check was handed over, the papers signed and the widow walked out into the street in a bewildered frame of mind. As she cashed the check, she said to herself, confidentially: "I didn't expect to get more than \$50. I reckon that railroad fellow didn't know how old that mule was."

It had never occurred to her that she had sustained any loss in the death of her husband. On the other hand, the official said to one of the clerks: "That lady is letting us off dirt cheap. We usually have to pay \$5,000 for running over husbands."

It did not occur to him that the widow had sustained any loss whatever in the death of the valuable mule.

What a striking illustration of the fact that different people look at the same thing in a different light.—[Texas Siftings.]

Killing Joe.

A Lexington correspondent of the Louisville Post says: The people are getting tired of the Blackburn family. They feel that with Joe in Congress, the Doctor, Governor, Jim, Secretary of State, and young Jim, Assistant Adjutant General, the situation is drifting into nepotism worse than that which characterized the Grant reign. In addition to the above, several near relatives of the Blackburns are in office. Said one patriot: "It is like eating molasses—a little is palatable; but when you try to swallow a quart, it clogs on the appetite." This growing unpopularity is not due so much to Joe as to the Governor. His frequent pardons have rendered him so unpopular with the masses that they feel like turning their backs on the whole family. The Governor may not know it, but he is steadily killing Joe in a political sense. Few of our leading citizens defend his abuse of the pardoning power, while every gambler in the community is loud in his praise on every occasion presented.

The harmony of married life depends almost entirely upon dinners. It is not so much the state of the heart as the condition of the stomach which makes a man happy. It is better for a woman—rank heresy, we know—to be able to make a pleasant home, than to talk Greek. Before marriage the ability to sing divinely and to play impossible music are very attractive; but when two people settle down to loving each other for forty or fifty years, the kitchen inevitably emphasizes itself, and the chances of success are greater with a comely housewife than with an accomplished beauty who knows everything except how to make the house attractive.

The Dueser Watch-case Company at Newport, Ky., claims to be the largest of the kind in the world. They employ 700 men and turn out 700 watch-cases per day. They make their own tools, of which they use \$40,000 worth. They will soon add a new feature to their establishment in the manufacture of "filled gold" cases, which they propose to sell under the true name of plated cases.

A Prize-Joke.

The following, taken from "Tit Bits," a London funny paper, is an excellent illustration of the character of English wit. The prize for the best joke (One Guinea) has been awarded to Miss D. Bumby, 205, Regent Road, Salford, for the following:

A young man got into a first-class railway carriage where two demure-looking maiden-ladies of uncertain age sat, one at each end. He sat down on the centre seat opposite, and as their journey proceeded endeavored to get up a conversation with them. He found them, however, considerably incensed at the impropriety of a stranger addressing them. He therefore determined to play a trick upon them. When they entered the darkness of the tunnel he kissed the back of his hand loudly several times, and whispered "darling." Each of the ladies, of course, thought that the other was sanctioning the embrace, and the looks which passed between them as they emerged from the tunnel may be easy to imagine, but impossible to describe.

A good newspaper may fall into error through accident on the part of persons who serve it, but no newspaper worthy the name ever makes intentional misstatements. Its reputation for trustworthiness is the largest part of its capital as a public journal. It intends every statement it publishes to be unquestioned and unquestionable truth; and if it is led into error, the cause will always be found easy of honest explanation. A conscientious accuracy is the first essential of journalism, and this paper keeps it constantly in view. The much-mouthed idea that "you can't believe anything you read in a newspaper," is false. When one reflects upon the number of facts which a well conducted newspaper is called upon to publish every week, and the innumerable and widely divergent sources from which it necessarily obtains information, it is marvelous that its columns are kept so free from error. The average individual is far less truthful than the average newspaper.

The bounds used for the purpose of tracing runaway slaves were not bloodhounds, according to the assertion of several old Virginians, but were common hounds, trained to follow any thing, even a wagon. They were not used for hunting, but were kept only for the purpose of tracing fugitive slaves. They were harmless, so far as biting was concerned. A South Carolina man, who formerly owned a thousand negroes, declares that no genuine bloodhound was ever seen in that State.—[Ex.]

A SUGGESTION TO BLACKBURN.—The State troops of Kentucky will be sent to Carter county next month to protect Neal and Craft. And if the Governor of Kentucky will kindly permit us, we will suggest that he also send troops to protect the people from the troops and some more troops to protect the troops from the people.—[Cincinnati Enquirer.]

It was lately shown, in a suit in Paris, that a married man had paid over \$20,000 blackmail rather than have his wife know that he had written to an actress two love letters, which was silly, as he could have told her the same time he gave her a \$1,000 necklace, and it would have been all right.

The use of artificial leather is now suggested for buggy tops, and for up holstering purposes where leather is now used. The new material has the alleged advantage of being much more impervious to water than the genuine or natural article, while it is found to wear longer and looks better.

The new tariff revision reported by President Arthur's Commissioners turns out, on close inquiry, to be little above another Washington safe-burglary job, set up by the officers appointed by the law for the purpose of defeating the spirit of the law.—[Gath.]

Not more than one time in fifty does a clergyman give out a hymn without adding that such and such a verse will be omitted. This adds variety to the entertainment and makes the people think that the pastor is a man of vast erudition in musical matters.

"The meanest job I ever under took," said a Colorado man, "was that of apologizing to a widow on behalf of a vigilance committee which had just hanged her husband by mistake. It was hard to find just the excuse that would satisfy her."

Which travels fastest, heat or cold? Heat; because you can catch a cold!

Waterson on the Issue.

The issue between Protection and Revenue is as distinct as it is irrepressible. It will not get out of politics, because it belongs there. It will down at no man's bidding, because it involves a great wrong that must be righted. Nor can its terms be confused by misleading sophisms. All that we contend for is the establishment of the principle of Revenue, versus the principle of Protection, in levying of impost duties. Mr. Payne is correct in saying that no civilized country has ever adopted free trade. No one is proposing free trade now though the bullying protectionists seek to force the fighting on that line. The question is: a tariff for revenue—and a hundred and fifty, or two hundred millions at that, which by the necessities of the case carries its own "incidental protection" with it—and a tariff for revenue, arranged to produce the largest amount of revenue to the Government and only to the Government, at least cost to the people. This is our proposition, pure and simple.

The bill which passed the Senate providing that the President may appoint heirs apparent and heirs presumptive in his cabinet, is hardly a democratic measure. It will hardly find favor with the people of this country. It is a difficult question to settle, but it seems more consistent with our form of government in case of death of the President and Vice President that the succession should go to one elected by the representatives. There is something not pleasant in the reflection that the President will be selecting his cabinet with reference to the succession. There is too much of the idea of personal power about it.—[Cincinnati News.]

William Walton, the infuriated lover who killed Miss Milburn, at Belle ville, Ill., because she refused to marry him, left a diary which contained the following reference to his rejection: "It was that lovely evening. I fully hoped that we should become husband and wife, and had no thought that one so dear would give me the bounce. But bounces do come in many ways and forms, so I pray for those I leave behind, who have not got the bounce. I pray give them not the bounce. Good-bye forever." His next act was to blow out his brains with a pistol.

It is said that John Wesley was once walking along a road with a brother who related to him his troubles, saying he did not know what he should do. They were at the moment passing a stone fence to a meadow, over which a cow was looking. "Do you know," asked Wesley, "why that cow looks over that wall?"

"No," replied the one in trouble.

"I will tell you," said Wesley, "because she can't look through it; and that is the way you must do with your troubles, look over and above them."

THE GOVERNOR'S PARDON REPORT.—The list of pardons granted by Gov. Blackburn will soon be published. It should be bound in morocco, and entitled "The Works of too Soft a Heart in an Age of Crime," and preserved as a warning for those who may hereafter occupy the gubernatorial chair.—[Marion Press.]

The young man who is so squeamishly nice at home about his food, and who can't eat this or that thing unless it is just so, will go into a restaurant and freely partake of mysterious comestibles, undaunted by capillary impurities and entomological abominations.—[Boston Transcript.]

Fathers often make a great mistake in bringing up their sons to follow their own trade. A Philadelphia trunkmaker was wiser. He had ten sons, and all are now baggagemen on railroad passenger trains. The trunk-maker is getting rich.

WORSE THAN NOTHING.—A wag, speaking of a friend whom he suspected of living altogether beyond his means; observed that he believed he "would owe several thousand dollars after all his debts were paid."

Inquisitive people are the funnels of conversation. They do not take in anything for their own use, but merely to pass it to one another.—[Sir R. Steele.]

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally. It acts directly upon the blood and the mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. For sale by Penny & McAllister, Stanford.

If Catarrh has destroyed your sense of smell and hearing, Hall's Catarrh Cure will cure you, 75 cents per bottle. Druggists sell it.

\$100 REWARD. Is offered for any case of Catarrh that can't be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally. Price, 75 cents.

PROFESSIONAL.

T. W. VARNON, WALLACE E. VARNON, T. W. & W. E. VARNON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, STANFORD, KY. Office in Owsley & Son's new building—up stairs.

ALEX. ANDERSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, DANVILLE, KY. Will practice in the Courts of Boyle and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals.

DR. J. G. CARPENTER, STANFORD, - - - - - KENTUCKY Office over Robt. S. Lytle's store. Office hours from 9 to 5; and 7 to 9 P. M.

LEE F. HUFFMAN, SURGEON DENTIST, STANFORD, KY. Office—South side Main Street, two doors above the Myers Hotel. Pure Nitrous Oxide Gas administered when required.

SAM M. BURDET, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Mt. Vernon, Ky. Will practice his profession in Rockcastle and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals. Special attention given to collections.

RICHMOND

PLANING MILLS!

I have recently opened in Richmond a large and complete Planing Mill, and am prepared to furnish every kind of planed lumber.

BUILDERS' MATERIAL!

INCLUDING—Weatherboarding, Flooring, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Laths, Shingles, Mouldings, Stairways, &c.

As I sell at prices such as the above articles can be bought in Louisville, Cincinnati, or other wholesale houses, I am sure I can make it to your advantage to patronize home institutions. I am also a practical

ARCHITECT,

and am prepared to furnish designs and estimates for buildings and all kinds of scroll work. That I am doing no small business, can be judged from the fact that my bank account runs from \$1,500 to \$2,000 per week. Contracting and building done promptly and at living prices. Address C. S. STAFFORD, 70-cent-lyr

Afflicted, Attention

DR. GANN'S REMEDIES!

FOR THE MILLION.

MANUFACTURED BY W. K. GANN, M. D., MONTICELLO, KY.

The world is filled with the wonderful, beautiful and intricate inventions of man, yet all the combined talent and genius that the world has ever known has never produced anything that can compare with "Dr. Gann's Remedies." Medical skill and science have, as yet, failed to discover any thing equal to them, for the cure of the diseases for which they are recommended. As their virtues and uses are proved by thousands throughout the length and breadth of the land, and as Standard Family Medicines, they cannot be excelled, and are fully substantiated by the strongest testimonials.

For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Consumption and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Use Dr. Gann's Cough Syrup.

For Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Jaundice, Constipation, Sour Stomach and all Biliary Diseases.

Use Dr. Gann's Liver Cure.

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises and Swellings—an external application for man or beast.

Use Dr. Gann's Liniment.

For Piles, Hemorrhoids, Burns, Fistula and all similar diseases.

Use Dr. Gann's Pile Ointment.

For Fresh Cuts, Burns, Ulcers and All Sores.

Use Dr. Gann's Bitter-Sweet Ointment.

Use Dr. Gann's Stomach Bitters. A Reliable Tonic, Appetizer and Blood Purifier, and also cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Malarial Fevers and all periodical Diseases. Manufactured and for sale by

W. K. GANN, M. D., Sole proprietor, Monticello, Ky. All orders by mail will receive prompt attention. 88-1

AGENTS are reaping a harvest of Kitchen Queen Safety Lamps. The best-selling articles ever put on the market. For Samples and Terms, address the CLIPPER MFG CO., No. 228 Walnut St., Cincinnati, O.

OPERA HOUSE,

—STANFORD, KY.—

W. P. WALTON, - - Proprietor.

Size of Stage, 20x50. Eight complete sets of scenery. Seating capacity, including gallery, 600. Reasonable rates to good attractions. Address as above.

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED



STOMACH BITTERS

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters gives steadiness to the nerves, induces a healthy, natural flow of bile, prevents constipation without unduly purging the bowels, gently stimulates the circulation and by promoting a vigorous condition of the physical system, promotes also, that cheerfulness which is the truest indication of a well-balanced condition of all the animal powers. For Sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

M'ROBERTS & STAGG

DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACEUTISTS,

Opera House Block, - - - - - Stanford, Ky.,

—DEALERS IN—

Drugs, Chemicals, Wall Paper, Wines, Musical Instruments, Pains, Books, Liquors, Pocket Cutlery, Oils, Stationery, Cigars, Fire Arms, Needles, Lamps, Soaps, Perfumery, Tobacco, Machine.

Our Jewelry, Silverware and Optical Goods Department is in Charge of Col. Thos. Richards, who will Repair Watches and Clocks Promptly and in the best style.

H. C. RUPLEY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Stanford, - - - - - Kentucky,

—Wishes to Inform his Patrons of Stanford and vicinity that he has received—

A Splendid Stock of Fall and Winter Goods,

Which he guarantees to make up in first-class style. Satisfaction guaranteed, or no sale. Cutting and Repairing neatly and promptly done.

A. OWSLEY & SON,

—DEALERS IN—

Hardware and Groceries, Glassware, Queensware,

Wooden and Willowware, Stoves, Grates and Tinware,

Full line of Pocket and Table Cutlery, Patent and Family Flour, Hames, Traces,

Salt, Lime, Cement, Field Seeds, Plows and Farming Implements. Call and see the genuine Hamilton Plow.

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK.

I desire to call your special attention to the

JEWEL RANGE

which for utility, durability, perfection in operation, taste

In ornamentation and is unequalled.

THE FLUES ARE EXTRA LARGE,

Adapting the Range to any kind of fuel. The Fire Back is made in three sections. As the center burns out much faster than the ends, this piece can be replaced without the expense of the entire back. Ventilated Chamber behind the fire box, which protects the back from intense heat. The Broiling facilities are superior to any other Stove; tilt the grate and rake the coals on broiling grate, or an independent fire of charcoal built on it, if desired. Many other conveniences are attached to this Stove, which I ask you to examine before buying. I also refer you to Mrs. Dr. T. B. Montgomery, Mrs. W. F. McKinney, Mrs. W. G. Welch, Mrs. G. H. McKinney, Mrs. S. J. Embry, Mrs. Dr. J. B. Owsley and Mrs. G. A. Lackey as to the advantages the Jewel has over other Stoves. Very respectfully,

W. H. HIGGINS.

THE BOOKWALTER

PORTABLE ENGINE.

SOME 3,000 IN ACTUAL USE.

SAFE AND DURABLE!

In fact, there is no Engine that equals it for Price, Simplicity, Durability and Reliable Work. It is just THE ENGINE to Drive

PRINTING PRESSES

Wood Saws,

Cotton Gins,

Corn Mills,

Creameries,

CORN SHELLERS,

Elevators,

Feed Mills,

Hay Presses,

Lathes, &c.

Call at The Interior Journal Office and see one of the desirable Engines in operation. Remember every Engine has our guarantee. Read it:

We say to all purchasers that we guarantee our Bookwalter Engines to be well and substantially made; to be safe, simple, durable and complete in construction; to work well and give the full power claimed when properly attached and managed. We make the above guarantee, and sell on the following conditions. We will give the purchaser the first 30 days after the arrival of the Engine to give it a fair and satisfactory trial; in case the Engine fails to come up to our guarantee, we will take back the Engine, refund every dollar received on the Engine, provided the purchaser returns the Engine to his nearest railroad station, and leaves it subject to our order by the close of said 30 days' trial. Certainly no man could ask for a more liberal offer and contract.

LOOK AT OUR PRICES:

3-Horse Power Engine and Boiler.....\$240 00

4-Horse Power Engine and Boiler.....250 00

5-Horse Power Engine and Boiler.....260 00

6-Horse Power Engine and Boiler.....270 00

7-Horse Power Engine and Boiler.....280 00

Delivered on cars at Springfield, Ohio.

For further information and descriptive pamphlet, address the manufacturers,

JAMES LEFFEL & CO., Springfield, Ohio.

93-1f

The ways of Providence are past interpretation. It is demonstrated every day but unusually forcibly in the case of Engineer Melville, of the lost Jeannette, which went in search of the North Pole. Always a tyrant and a persecutor of the woman whom he had promised at the altar to love, cherish and protect, it was a relief no doubt to her when he set sail to be gone for years and perhaps forever, but a cruel fate ordained that while better men should find a frozen tomb in the far-off Arctic regions, he should be returned to the systematic persecution of the poor little woman who had borne his children. He met her on his return as a brute and a monster would and his first step was to have her dragged from her little ones to a mad house, after tramping up foul charges of every sort against her. She is not insane, though the treatment would have driven a majority of women crazy, and she has just been permitted to tell the pathetic story of her wrongs, which, while they bear out the impression of truth, show such a malignant and heartless cruelty as to appear impossible that man should be guilty of such heinous deeds. Death is far too good for such creatures as Melville, and if the law can not punish him, a mob should mete out his deserts.

The Danville Advocate replying to a long article in defence of Blackburn published in his organ, the *Yeo man*, expresses itself in this manly and unimpassioned way, which will strike a popular chord wherever it is read: "While we cherish for Governor Blackburn, personally, not the slightest ill-will, we regard his course in granting pardons, respites and remissions as being, in a large majority of cases, very reprehensible, and believe that he has done much to retard the growth of the State, and to increase the evils which beset us. It is for this reason we have spoken of him as we have heretofore done, and it is for this reason that we shall hereafter arraign him—scarcely hoping that he may be in any way moved to change his course, but with the desire to let our constituents know what harm can be done by the abuses of official power, in order that they may avoid these evils in future by electing only suitable candidates."

Hon. Phil Thompson, it is said, is the only man in the Kentucky delegation who is for Blackburn for Speaker. This is but a pardonable display of gratitude on his part but he should not in showing it, do violence to the wishes of the people he represents. We have taken the pains to question many of his constituents on the subject and have found John Griffin Carlisle to be the choice one of at least nine-tenths of them. They all, however, with one accord agree that Blackburn is a bright and brilliant fellow, but hardly composed of the stuff of which a Speaker should be made.

"BLACK JACK" LOGAN's three-day speech against the relief of Fitz John Porter, in which he characterized him as a traitor and a criminal, rebounded in the wronged General's favor and the bill for his benefit went through the Senate by a vote of 35 to 27. Cameron, Hoar and Sewell, are the republicans who were manly enough to do right in the matter. The bill was amended so that Porter will receive no allowance prior to his reinstatement in the army.

It is said that the Government has already paid the three lawyers in the Star Route cases that Brewster hired to do what he should have done himself, over \$90,000 and they are still drawing pay at \$100, \$50 and \$25 per day. Before the trials are over the government will have lost fully as much by Brewster's negligence as by Dorsey's steal.

The Illinois House has adopted a resolution declaring any person holding a State office ineligible for election as U. S. Senator. Such a law would be a good one in Kentucky, where the Governorship is sought only as a stepping stone to the Senate. We never did believe in forcing too many offices on a man at once.

Gov. CULLUM has secured the caucus nomination for Senator from Illinois, to succeed David Davis. This is pretty rough on Internal Revenue Commissioner Raum, who has neglected his duties for months trying to fix his fences so as to get it.

We are indebted to our thoughtful Senator, Hon. James B. Beck, for the official report of the Tariff Commission and a document showing the present rates of Tariff. They will be very handy for future reference.

The New York Sun, as nearly every other democratic paper does, objects to the presidential succession bill lately passed by the Senate, making the Cabinet members heirs apparent to the office in case of death, removal, &c., of the president, and suggests that a bill insuring a continuous existence of Congress be passed. "Each Congress should assemble and complete its organization when the preceding Congress expires. The work of organization over, Congress might adjourn until the ensuing December; but meanwhile there would have been created the political entity—a Speaker of the House of Representatives—contemplated by the law determining the succession to the presidency." This would be considerably too much of a good thing as far as Congress is concerned but it would always insure a head to the government.

The Brooklyn jury awarded Miss Livingston, the entire amount of damages she asked against Henry Fleming, \$75,000, for seduction under promise of marriage. The proof was that Fleming, who is a wealthy oil merchant, deliberately set about the girl's ruin which, after having won her young affections and naming a day for marriage, he easily accomplished and then, fied like, deserted her. A handsome boy was the result of the seduction and his little face, which bore very plainly the lineaments of his miserable father, was a silent but strong proof of the girl's story. It would be well after Fleming has paid the last farthing of the damage, if a law making seduction a felony, could be enforced against him. He would then be illy atone for the life he has wrecked and ruined forever.

The Louisville Post, a paper governed it seems by whims and caprices, takes occasion to say some mean things about Judge Owsley, which are both uncalled for and untrue. Judging from his writings we would take Col. Sears to be one of the sourest and crossdest old dyspeptics in the business Judge Owsley is the peer, if not the superior, of Knott or Jones, and the man who would underrate or misrepresent him, does so either ignorantly or maliciously.

The New York Sun is greatly displeased with the inaugural address and the appointments that Gov. Cleveland has made since his induction into office. His course so far, it says, provokes regret that Folger was not chosen in his stead, and shows how unfortunate the democrats sometimes are in the selection of the men they raise into high places. The Sun is evidently trying to handicap Cleveland's boom; if he has one, for President in 1884.

The Courier-Journal is exceedingly happy because the Lower House of the Tennessee Legislature adopted a resolution instructing its representatives in Congress to vote for a "Tariff for Revenue only." It strikes us that that Legislature has other business that it ought to attend to before meddling with purely National affairs. They might adopt a resolution that honesty is the best policy and stick to it in regard to the State debt.

The most liberal estimates of the cost of taking and publishing the results of the tenth census put the figures at \$3,000,000, while there were many, who were surprised that it could in any way cost so much. But it has already absorbed more than five and a half millions and still an appropriation of \$100,000 is asked for. There has evidently been a good deal of stealing as well as bungling in the business.

Each of the three Lunatic Asylums in the State give out that they are crowded to their utmost capacity, but notwithstanding, they have never been known to refuse a pay patient nor to send one home as harmless or incurable as long as the pay is forthcoming. They can always make room for them, but an unfortunate poor man has frequently to lie in a miserable jail till they choose to find a place for him.

The obliging and accomplished General Ticket and Passenger Agent of the Kentucky Central R. R., Mr. C. L. Brown, has our thanks for recent favors. For doing a nice thing in the nicest way, Mr. Brown is peculiarly entitled not only to the cake but the whole bakery and it is no wonder the K. C. under his care is growing in popularity all the time.

It is reported that Arthur has expressed himself tired of the duties of president. Well, let him resign and let old man Frelinghuysen have a chance, as under the presidential succession bill passed by the Senate, he is heir apparent to the throne.

ROBT. BONNER, of the N. Y. Ledger, who was lately in this section buying fast horses, owns \$382,000 worth of fine horses. Thirty years ago he was a journeyman printer in New York City at a salary of \$10 per week.

In 1881, the primary election to nominate a candidate for representative was held in this county on the 4th Saturday in May. It would be well this year to settle the whole matter on the 1st Saturday, when the delegates are to be appointed to nominate State officers.

COPE SNAPP, Clerk in the back tax Collector's office, Louisville, is also implicated in the wholesale robbery of the city. It is the worse Snapp he ever was caught in and all because he tried to Cope with his superior officers in thievery.

It was a Connecticut minister whose salary was raised \$25 a year and half the fish he caught. And he was the only man never suspected of exaggeration in his statements of the number he captured.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—Mrs. Langtry will be in Louisville, Feb. 8, 9 and 10.

—Clark Mills, the celebrated sculptor, is dead at Washington.

—The losses from the German flood are estimated at about \$26,500,000.

—Campbell county is out of debt, and has a surplus of \$4,937.30 in the treasury.

—Under the fee system, the Clerk of the U. S. Supreme Court gets \$30,000 a year.

—The shipping bill as passed by the House is said to be of no practical value whatever.

—The ice harvest on the Hudson is an abundant one, the yield being 13 inches, thick and clear.

—Philip Matthews, for the murder of his sweetheart, was strangled to death at Belleville, Ill., Friday.

—The Sunday Argus tells of an Independent movement which is to nominate Green Clay Smith for Governor.

—Tennessee's defaulting Treasurer arrived at Nashville Saturday night, sad and dejected, and was placed in jail.

—It is reported from Washington that the President will not sign the Fitz John Porter bill if it passes the House.

—The Mt. Sterling National Bank declared a semi annual dividend of 5 per cent. the largest we have heard of this time.

—The Kentucky Union and Kentucky Central railroads have decided to use the same bed from Paris to Winchester.

—One hundred and five clerks have been discharged from the Census Office at Washington and the other 500 ought to be.

—A cablegram reports that 300 persons perished Saturday by the burning of a circus building at Berdichev, Russia Poland.

—There are at present 149 inmates in the Institute for Feeble Minded children in Frankfurt, which cost the State \$34,446.52 last year.

—It is now feared that 118 persons have perished in the Newhall House fire. Only five bodies have been recovered from the ruins at present.

—Athena Thomas was elected by the Tennessee Legislature to fill the office of Treasurer, disgraced by Polk. It took 22 ballots to reach the result.

—The Committee on elections has decided in the Manning case that there has been no election for Congressmen in the Second Mississippi District.

—Dr. S. A. Mudd, who was exiled to the Dry Tortugas for harboring John Wilkes Booth, the assassin of President Lincoln, is dead at his home in Maryland.

—State Auditor Hewitt has sent a circular to the Sheriffs urging early remittance, to meet the demands of public school teachers, whose salaries are now due.

—The small-pox is raging in Baltimore worse than has ever been known in any city in the United States. There were over 300 new cases reported in one week.

—A severe earthquake which lasted 45 seconds, threw people from their chairs, clocks from mantels and made music among the dishes and furniture, shook up Paducah Friday.

—A silver spoke was driven, Friday, on the Mexican Pacific railway extension, connecting it with the Southern Pacific, and giving a direct line from San Francisco to New Orleans.

—The Knights of Honor, which order originated in Louisville nine and a half years ago, began the year with a membership of 135,000, and has paid in sick and death benefits to its members over \$9,000,000.

—The Postmaster General has made an order that all letters upon which one full rate of postage has been prepaid, shall be forwarded at the request of the party addressed, without additional charge for postage.

—Five persons were burned to death in the Planters' Hotel at St. Louis, Sunday. The rest of the people, about 320 in number, escaped in their night clothes. The loss caused by the fire amounted to about \$30,000.

—The Senate Post-office Committee has agreed to report the House bill for the issuance of postal notes for transmission in the mails of sums less than five dollars, for which a fee of three cents is to be charged for each note issued.

—The pending tariff bill proposes reductions to the amount of \$79,839,324, of which \$45,049,000 is to come from the tariff and \$34,790,324 from internal taxation. All internal taxes, save those upon tobacco in its several forms, spirits and beer, are abolished by the bill.

—Richard Taylor, while coon hunting the other night, fell over a 40-foot bluff, and struck a pine log in his descent, broke the log and then got up and walked home. He says he experienced no trouble from the accident, except a soreness of his body. The log is a wreck. [Somerset Reporter.]

E. P. OWSLEY.

I WILL SELL MY

Fall and Winter Stock of Dry Goods,

Notions, Boots, Shoes and Clothing for the next 30 DAYS at greatly reduced prices. Heavy Boots, Shoes and Clothing a Specialty. E. P. OWSLEY.

—The widow of the late Chief Justice Hardin, of Kentucky, has been driven to insanity by her privations.

—The steamer City of Greenville, was run into by the packet Laura Lee, in the Mississippi River and her cargo of 700 hogsheads of sugar, &c., valued with the boat at \$100,000 was lost.

—Dr. Bliss didn't draw the money allowed him by the Garfield board of audit, but got a friend to draw it for him. Perhaps it might have been as well for his patient in this case if his doctoring had been done in the same way.

—The Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise, with their party, were in Louisville yesterday afternoon, arriving on a Baltimore and Ohio train, and leaving soon after on the Chesapeake and Ohio for Richmond, Va.

—The jury in the case of L. F. Maddox, an attendant at the Anchorage Lunatic Asylum, indicted for the murder of Otto Jansen, an inmate, by cruelty in ducking him, decided that he is guilty of voluntary manslaughter, and his punishment was fixed at four months' imprisonment in the county jail, and a fine of \$100.

—A young lady disappeared mysteriously at St. Louis, Mo., while on her way to a convent where she had been studying. Great excitement prevailed in that city, and on 'Change \$20,000 was quickly subscribed as a reward for the missing girl, dead or alive. This was all the abductors wanted and she was restored but can give no account of her whereabouts.

Railroad Prospects.

LINCOLN COUNTY, JAN. 15, 1883.

Thinking your readers might be interested in a brief recital of what has been done and is now being done by the citizens of Adair, Metcalfe and other counties along the line of the proposed Cincinnati, Green River & Nashville Railroad, toward securing its construction through said counties, I beg to state that Adair county has come manfully up to her work and is still putting forth her best exertions. Already she has secured the right-of-way through four-fifths or more of the county; donations in money, between \$3,000 and \$4,000, several hundred acres of land and a number of ties to be delivered on the road bed. Depot grounds will also be given. In the next 10 days Adair will round up her subscriptions and I fear will put Lincoln and Casey counties to shame, in that they have fallen short of their duty. It is proper to say, while I write, that I have no knowledge of what Lincoln county has done within the last ten days, having been absent from the county; hope to hear favorable accounts of her actions. If the right-of-way has not been obtained, please urge the importance of this being done at once, also the securing of the depot grounds. It will be necessary to have moneyed subscriptions for this purpose. Could our large property holders and wealthy men be induced to lead off in a subscription of \$500 each? Others would follow with smaller amounts and the necessary sum, say \$5,000, secured at once Metcalfe county, recently visited, has obtained the entire right-of-way, except from four persons and it is expected they will give it. Ten additional committee-men have been appointed to aid the original committee and are at work. Depot grounds have been secured in the county, besides a money subscription and also a donation of railroad ties. Barren, Allen, Sumner and Davidson counties (the latter in Tennessee) have done their duty and are ready to submit their propositions while Nashville is in the front with well nigh \$250,000. Glasgow and Danville are contending for the prize, and should they win, will be entitled justly to it. It is more than probable that the propositions from all points will be in by the last of this month; and let it not be said that old Lincoln falters in her duty, or that Casey fails to appreciate her golden opportunity. It is believed that the meetings to be held in Casey this week, will result in bringing up her subscription to what it ought to be; certainly not less than a contribution of right-of-way and ties sufficient for the road through the county, besides depot grounds. C. H. ROCHESTER.

—The weather for the past week has been what is termed, by the Goose Bone, Almanac, Vannor and other weather prophets, changeable.

—Our pedestrians have kept pretty level-headed during the slippery season. We haven't heard of any dislocated or broken limbs up to the present writing. We were on the street once, and happened to hear a peculiar "squel" behind us, looked around just in time to see, to our everlasting shame, be it said, a fair damsel, frantically grabbing out into space, we suppose at some imaginary object, to prevent her corporeal system from coming in too hasty communication with the underlying strata of dried deposits of the lower salarian formation, vulgarly known as brick.

—Last year was a very unfavorable one for hemp-growers. The crops in this county was a very inferior one, much of it hardly worth cutting, and the weather this Winter has been unfavorable for rotting, so that none, or very little of the crop that was grown has been prepared for market. With a favorable season, as good hemp can be grown in this county, as any in the State. Our hemp growers must not be discouraged by last year's failure. It was, to a greater or less degree, general throughout Kentucky. We believe that while we are on the hemp interest of the county we will make a suggestion. It appears that it would be a good investment if some of our moneyed men would erect a warehouse and hatching house in Lancaster. There is now in a good year, enough hemp grown in the county to keep from 25 to 50 men employed during the hatching season. With a home market the amount would be doubled. Farmers can't afford to raise hemp, and haul it to Nicholasville to market.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures piles. It is guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

Free of Cost.

All persons wishing to test the merits of a great remedy—namely that will positively cure Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs—re requested to call at Penny & McAllister's Drug Store and get a Trial Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, free of cost, which will show you what a regular dollar-size bottle will do.

LANCASTER ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. C. KAUFFMAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, LANCASTER, KY.

Master Commissioner of the Circuit Court. Will practice in all the Courts of Grant and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals.

HIGGINS HOUSE

STANFORD STREET.

LANCASTER, - - - - - KENTUCKY

JOHN T. HIGGINS, PROPRIETOR.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL

In every particular. The patronage of the public solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed.

A Texas Farm For Sale!

I will sell or exchange my Farm in Texas for lands in Grant, Madison, Lincoln or Boyle counties. This farm is situated in Tarrant county, Texas, about 12 or 14 miles South of the city of Fort Worth and about same distance North of the City of Cleburne, in Johnson county. Contains 250 acres of fine land, all under fence, with a good barn upon it and good water on place. It is first-rate farming land and is especially well located for raising cattle, being on a high plateau between two never failing streams (water). It is about one mile East of the surveyed route of the Fort Worth & Rio Grande R. R., which will be completed in a short time, and about 3 miles West of the C. & Santa Fe R. R. now in operation from Ft. Worth to Galveston. This farm is in the great cotton and wheat raising section of Northern Texas and very desirable for any one wanting to farm or raise cattle. Also have on the place a small bunch of short horn Heifers with call and one fine Short Horn Bull, 3 years old. This Spring, also farming implements, that I will trade with the place. W. M. MOORE DUNCAN, Jan 11, 1883. 112-2u Lancaster, Ky.

NEW HOUSE!

NEW GOODS

GEO. D. BURDETT & CO.

ENTERPRISE GROCERY, LANCASTER.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Queensware, Canned Goods, Candles, Fruits, Cigars and Tobacco.

A FIRST-CLASS GROCERY—A WELL LIGHTED, roomy house. Everything neat as a pin and prices lower than elsewhere.

Don't Fail to See Them in the New Block.

101-175.

Penny & McAllister

PHARMACISTS

Drugs, Books, Stationery and Fancy Articles. Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded. Also

JEWELRY! Largest Stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry & Silverware

Ever brought to this market. Prices Lower than the Lowest. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired on short notice and Warranted.

Having bought out S. H. Baughman, we will keep on hand a nice lot of Horses and Buggies, which we will let at reasonable rates. Will also board Horses by the day or week. We are also in

THE COAL TRADE.

And will swap for all kinds of Feed. Hope to receive a liberal share of the patronage of the public in general.

Respectfully, A. T. NUNNELLEY, STANFORD, Kentucky.

H. C. BRIGHT,

GROCER,

St. Asaph Block, Stanford.

STOCK IS ALWAYS COMPLETE.

It embraces Staple and Fancy Groceries, Patent and Family Flour, Meal, Bacon and Lard, Tobacco and Cigars, Wood, Willow and Tinware, Glass and Queensware. Canned Goods of all kinds a specialty. Remember the place, "The Corner Store."

GREAT CLOSING OUT

SALE.

CHENAULT, SEVERANCE & CO

STANFORD, KY.,

Desire to close out their entire stock of goods

AT ONCE!

And propose to do so AT COST and in many cases less than cost.

We have \$15,000 worth of new and desirable Fall and Winter Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing,

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., to sell in this way. Remember

This is not the tail-end of a stock of goods that we are closing out, but the Largest and most desirable stock of goods in Stanford. Purchasers will effect a large saving on everything they buy. We will make no new accounts, except to our regular customers, who will pay promptly the 1st of January, or when called upon.

December 19, 1882.

LOCAL NOTICES.

BUY PAINTS OF PENNY & McALISTER.
New stock of Jewelry and Silverware at Penny & McAlister's.

WATCHES, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted by Penny & McAlister.
STANDARD Sheet Music, Vocal and Instrumental, for 10 cents at Penny & McAlister's.

LARGE stock of Window Glass, all sizes. Double thick glass for flower pits. Penny & McAlister.

PERSONAL.

—MR. DAVID KRAM has gone to Louisville.

—HALLECK M. BAILLOU is attending a medical college in Louisville.

—MRS. HANNAH POTTER, of Harrodsburg, is visiting Mrs. W. P. Walton.

—MR. A. T. NUNNELLEY, who has been threatened with pneumonia, is much better.

—MISS LAURA ADAMS was visiting Miss Sallie Green. They went to Danville yesterday.

—MR. HUME PARK and WIFE, of Richmond, are here with a view of taking the St. Asaph Hotel.

—MR. J. R. JAMES, of the Theological Seminary, Louisville, is with his sister, Mrs. B. G. Alford, for a few days.

—DR. CLIFTON FOWLER and family have moved to the house of D. W. Vandever in Stanford, the latter having moved to the one lately occupied by Judge Brown.

—MR. H. R. MARSH, a large contractor on the Kentucky Central was here yesterday. He wishes to buy corn and those having it for sale might do well to write to him at Mt. Vernon.

—JUDGE M. H. OWSELEY was here yesterday en route to Mt. Vernon. He is looking well and is apparently confident that he is going to be the next governor of this grand old Commonwealth.

LOCAL MATTERS.

FRESH OYSTERS at H. C. Bright's.

A NEW agent carried all the C. S. R. R. mail by yesterday.

MRS. SMITH HANFORD, died suddenly at Harrodsburg, Sunday.

OLIVER CHILLED plows on hands for the season, at W. H. Higgins'.

THIS is absolutely the dullest time we ever experienced in Stanford.

WILL BAILEY, who lives at Mr. Richard Bibb's, broke his arm very badly Friday.

Just received - nice lot of oranges, lemons, bananas, Malaga grapes and a fine line of French candies at H. C. Bright's.

ICE OUGHT to be plentiful next Summer for it will be a man's own fault if he does not supply himself this favorable weather.

THE SLEET STOPPED the town clock Saturday night. This is the third time it has stopped in twelve years, and sleet caused it each time.

I HAVE a \$95 set of furniture, including spring mattress bed, which I will sell for \$40. Almost as good as new. Apply to me at Stanford. T. T. Davies.

COL. ROCHESTER, in a letter elsewhere, gives a good report of the railroad prospects in some of the lower counties. Lincoln seems to be resting on her oars.

STOP AT W. H. Higgins' and see two combined one-man turning plow, single and double shovel, and narrow. All having above plows can add the narrow attachment.

J. W. HANFORD will dispose of his large line of overcoats and boots, until further notice, at cost for cash. Considering that the winter is hardly begun, the offer is especially liberal.

W. B. PENNY, who is attending a dental college at Philadelphia, fell down stairs while rushing with a lot of students to a lecture and broke two fingers of his left hand. Several other students also suffered broken bones.

AMONG the deeds recently recorded is one from Daniel Stagg, Sr., conveying half of his Stanford property to S. P. Stagg and another from J. M. Reid to T. L. Carpenter for a house and ten acres of land in the West End for \$1,000.

THE Legislative race is beginning to assume a lively shape. Another Richmond has entered the field and is announced in this issue. "Squire J. S. Murphy is the gentleman and a more solid or clever a man could hardly be found.

WE DON'T know enough about Richmond to say whether it is true or not, but a drummer, who thinks he knows it all, says that it has more fine churches and less religion, fewer bar-rooms and more whisky, than any other town in the State.

THE fellow who played the character of Lawyer Marks in Uncle Tom's Cabin, and who, by the way, was the only passably good actor in the troupe, was badly bitten by one of the bloodhounds during a performance in Louisville, the other night.

IT SEEMS that Nunnelley only got clear of killing Mills because the jury preferred that to taking his life. Those who are asked to sign a petition for the pardon of Gilmore and Meese, now in the penitentiary for complicity in the same murder, will please make a note of the item in our Mt. Vernon letter.

MARSHAL - Joe Miller, failing to make bond as soon as he should, the City Council met Saturday and elected Newell E. Moore marshal, who is to have John Newland for deputy. Newland is to do all the work and the reason he was not appointed directly is owing to a foolish clause in the Charter, requiring a marshal to be resident of the town for at least one year. John will make a good officer. He showed that at Crab Orchard. He has given bond and is now on duty.

ANOTHER arrival of Oliver plows at W. H. Higgins' yesterday.

FOR SALE - Three handsome residences. Will sell very cheap. Stanford, Dec. 25, '92. W. Craig.

I HAVE two American Sewing Machines, guaranteed to do good work, which I will sell cheap for cash or trade. B. K. Wear.

If you want sugar by the barrel or coffee by the sack, it will pay you to get my prices. I am headquarters for goods in quantity. H. C. Bright.

I AM compelled to have all that is due me, and all those who owe are urged to settle immediately. I am tired of foolishness. H. C. Roper.

MR. SOC OWENS is running the Clemens House at Danville in fine style. The fare is excellent and the waiters attentive. Stop with him when you go to Danville.

ALL PARTIES knowing themselves indebted to Chemnitz, Severance & Co., will confer a great favor by settling the same, as we desire to close up our business.

How do these prices strike you? 12 lbs. best N. O. sugar \$1; 9 pounds granulated sugar \$1; 8 pounds good Rio coffee \$1. Other goods in proportion. H. C. Bright.

A. T. NUNNELLEY has returned from the city where he purchased the largest and fullest line of saddlery and harness ever opened in Stanford. Store at his stables. Go and see him.

SACR-KRAUT, Mince Meat, Pickles, in any quantity, Jellies, Maple Syrup, by the pint or gallon, Green and Dried Fruits, Canned Goods of every description at Bruce, Warren & Co's.

A MAN giving his name as Dr. Williams, and claiming Danville as his home was arrested in Marion county the other day for rape, alleged to have been committed in Campbellville.

MR. W. G. RANNEY worked 11 hours at the Christian church furnace Sunday and burned 7 bushels of coal and only succeeded towards the close of the night service in securing a temperature of 64°.

THE Black Diamond Coal Company is the incorporated name of an association organized to mine coal near East Bernstadt. J. E. Farris and E. B. Hayden are among the incorporators. The capital stock is fixed at \$50,000.

MARRIAGES.

—Married at the family residence, St. Louis, Mo., Edna M., eldest daughter of T. B. Hutchison and grand-daughter of H. K. Hutchison of Crab Orchard, Ky., to Robt. Holmes, of New Orleans, La., Rev. M. Johnson officiating.

RELIGIOUS.

—Owing to a bad day last Saturday, the church meeting at the Baptist church was postponed till the 4th Sunday.

—The Methodists have just closed a very successful protracted meeting at the Camp Ground, receiving about twenty-five additions to the church. [London Echo.]

—Dr. E. O. GUERRANT, of the Presbyterian Church, preached 308 sermons during the year 1892, in this State; received 875 persons into the church and organized ten churches.

—The American Baptist Home Mission Society in its fifty years' history has paid \$1,700,000 for missionary services, \$1,000,000 for educational work among the colored people and Indians, and has loaned \$300,000 for the erection of 331 churches.

LAND, STOCK AND CROP.

—A car load of mules for sale. F. Reid, Stanford, Ky.

—Fourteen broke mules and 1 thoroughbred bull calf for sale. R. B. & E. P. Woods, Stanford, Ky.

—John M. Spoonamore sold to Chas. M. Spoonamore, 84 and a fraction acres of land on Dix River for \$1,900.

—Marrs & English rented publicly yesterday the Mrs. Margaret Harris farm of 27 1/2 acres, 5 1/2 miles from Danville, for \$12.

—The Kentucky University at Lexington has disposed of "Woodlands," comprising 110 acres, to the Woodland Park Association, for \$40,000.

—The Nelson Record tells of three Alderney cows that have produced 796 pounds of butter in less than ten months, or over eighty pounds per month.

—John Builder has sold his farm of 200 acres in the Engleman neighborhood to Sam and J. L. Engleman at \$35 and \$48 per acre, or \$7,500 for the whole.

—Bowling Green is a lively market. The Gazette reports sales of more than 100 in lots of 2 to 20 at \$105 to \$165; ranging in height from 14 1/2 to 15 1/2 hands.

—I will sell at auction on Thursday, March 1st, my house and lot of 2 acres, 2 miles from Stanford. It has a good log house and fine peach and apple orchard. Major Hays.

—Sales of 60 2-year-old mules at \$112-50, 20 at \$100 and 22 at \$132.50 are reported in Washington county. Terhune, of Mercer, bought 21 yearling mules at \$80 and sold a car-load at \$110.

—DANVILLE COURT.—Capt. H. T. Bush reports a very small crowd and but 125 cattle, mostly, selling from 4 to 4 1/2 cents. Horses from \$60 to \$120. Mules from \$80 to \$150, owing to size and quality.

—Capt. G. H. McKinney, of Stanford, writes the Courier-Journal that the water from boiled potatoes, increased in strength by boiling after the potatoes are taken out, will effectually destroy lice on horses, cattle or other animals.

—According to the Fort Worth Journal, Texas sold 500,000 beef cattle and 350,000 head of young stock cattle last year, for \$23,100,000; increase in value of 4,000,000 cattle in the State \$16,000,000; cost of raising cattle, expenses and outfit generally, leaves a net profit of \$27,300,000, of which \$23,100,000 is in cash, and \$4,100,000 in increased value of stock.

—Farmers complain that their prospects for a good wheat crop are exceedingly poor. In the first place, it started off badly, the dry got in it, the dry freezes of November killed much of it and the continued cold, with absence of snow, is injuring it daily. There is hardly a promising crop in the county, though the drilled looks much better than that sown broadcast.

—A farmer gives the Clark County Democrat the following prices per cwt. that he has obtained for his hogs since 1872: In 1872, \$3.87; in 1873, \$4; in 1874, \$6; in 1875, \$6.50; in 1876, \$6; in 1877, \$5; in 1878, \$2.50; in 1879, \$3.50; in 1880, \$4.20; in 1881, \$5.50; in 1882, \$6. The general average for the eleven years is \$4.46 per cwt. He has handled an average of over 100 hogs each year.

MT. VERNON DEPARTMENT.

Sam. M. Burdett, Editor.

—Saturday was the most disagreeable day of the winter thus far.

—Ice was three inches thick yesterday morning and was getting thicker as this went to mail.

—There are about 1,000 men at work on the K. C. R. R. in this county.

—Mrs. Hiatt, wife of W. G. Hiatt, died on the 9th inst., after a lingering illness of consumption.

—On account of the bad weather Bro. Allen did not fill his appointment here last Sunday. He will preach next Sunday.

—All persons indebted to F. L. Thompson by note or account are notified that they must come forward and settle at once. He needs the money and if it is not paid, will proceed to enforce its collection.

—Mr. J. L. Joplin did a thriving business with his beer saloon last week. There is nothing sold here now, in the way of intoxicants, except beer and it's a slow business getting drunk on that. Consequently the crowds that were in town kept reasonably sober.

—PERSONAL.—Mr. B. L. Swinney, of Ash Grove, Mo., is here on business. W. O. Hanford, of Crab Orchard, was here last week attending court. Capt. T. J. Ballard, of Goodland, and W. C. Mullins, of Pine Hill, were in town last week. Hon. R. L. Ewell, of London, was here Friday. Mr. C. S. Nield, of East Bernstadt, the active and energetic Secretary of the Altamont Coal Co., paid us a flying visit Saturday.

—Very little except criminal business, was transacted in Circuit Court last week. After the trial of the Nunnelley case, the case of the Commonwealth vs. Harve Mink, Alex Mink and Madison Winsted was called and the trial begun. The defendants were charged with the murder of Miles Rogers. The case was given to the jury without argument Friday evening. On Saturday morning they returned a verdict of not guilty as to Alex Mink and Winsted, and reported that they were unable to agree as to the other Mink. They were discharged. Judge Alcorn and Mr. Warren went to Stanford Saturday morning. Judge Osley was expected yesterday. There remains but one murder case on the docket, which will probably be continued. The civil business is sufficient to keep the court engaged during the week. The case of S. R. Grundy vs. C. Crooke & Co., an equity case, was transferred to the Pulaski Circuit Court, both sides being anxious to secure a trial of it as soon as possible. The grand jury has been busy, but as yet, has made no report.

—In the trial of the Nunnelley case last week, Judge Alcorn gave no instruction on manslaughter, but properly confined the jury to the question of murder or innocence alone. The defendant had elected to be tried under the law of 1866, and if found guilty of murder, the punishment was death. So it was, the jury had either to hang the defendant, hang themselves, or acquit. They acquitted. After the trial was over, Dick Warren approached one of the jurors and asked him how it happened they ever agreed on a verdict of acquittal. The juror laid his hand affectionately on Dick's shoulder and said: "Well, now, I'll tell you how it was. You see, we were trying him under the old constitution, and if we found the fellow guilty, he had to be hung. So we concluded to turn him loose, because none of us thought the evidence justified hanging him. But if he had been tried under the new constitution, he wouldn't have got off so easy, and don't you forget it. No, sir; if we had been allowed to touch the penitentiary question with his case, it would have been different." Of course Dick was satisfied with the explanation. Who wouldn't have been satisfied?

Foggy's Ferry.

Last night an appreciative audience assembled in the Opera House to witness this play, and to say that the audience was delighted is drawing it mild. In the majority of combinations the "star" is the only good character, while the support is inferior and below mediocrity, but last night each actor was a star and the play was a decided success. The brilliant young comedienne, Miss Carrie Stuart, as "Chip" the Ferryman's Daughter, took the leading character, and she "was" brilliant, her rendition of the part being perfect. Miss Ida Roff, the Judge's Daughter, as Blanche Norwood, showed the finished actress, and both ladies elicited frequent bursts of applause. Mr. Henry Schafer as Zebulon Fogg, the ferryman, was good. He is an old and experienced actor. George White, in the person of Cromie Hyson, was finely portrayed, and laconic, staccato W. T. Sheehan, as "Still Bill," brought down the house every time. Martha Blodgett, the servant, by Miss Selma Paxton, was immense and caused roars of laughter. But where all were so good it is needless to particularize. The torpedo explosion in the river as the mail packet is coming down is a genuine sensation. The play will be repeated this evening and will no doubt be greeted with a crowded house, as the excellent character of the company commends itself to all theatre patrons. (Canton O.) Democrat. At Stanford Opera House January 25th.

—THERE is a wealthy brewer in Montreal who built a church and inscribed on it: "This church was erected by Thomas Molson, at his sole expense, Hebrews, xx, chapter." Some of the McGill College wags got a ladder one night and altered the inscription so as to make it read: "This church was built by Thomas Molson at his soul's expense. He brews (double) XX."

—THE Buffalo Express gives this advice: "If you must dabble in shares, try plowshares. No other kind pays so regular dividends."

CLARENCE BARTON, the Washington editor who figured in the Sotelo affair, is a nephew of Barton Key, whom Gen. Sickles killed many years ago.

THE last report from the Bender family places the old man in the mountains of Oregon. He must be tired of that country, and the next report should land him down among the pines of North Carolina.

Mrs. DORRIS, who was recently strangled to death and robbed near St. Louis by her grandson, Russell Brown, and a companion, left an estate valued at a quarter of a million dollars. Among the beneficiaries of the will is Russell Brown, who is remembered by a bequest which will realize several thousand dollars. Brown has employed the leading criminal lawyers of the city, and the money he receives from the aged relative whom he murdered will go to pay for his defense.

NEW YORK dry-goods merchants complain that their trade is being damaged by the aesthetic movement. They of the "Inner Brotherhood" care only for old tints, and have no regard for the quality of the material. A dirty red or green-yallery color appeals to their damaged minds in a way that silks and rich goods of the fashionable colors cannot. The modistes say also that the aesthetic style is not a profitable one for them, and that it cramps their inventive powers. The merchants and modistes may rest content. Fashion and vanity will soon bring the limp disciples back to their doors.

THE London Truth is moved to say that the thefts, murders and outrages in the English compartment cars are increasing, and there seems no remedy against them short of the adoption of the American style of car. A murderer, he says, in nine cases out of ten, escape by jumping out as the train is slackening speed. Had Letroy done so, it is doubtful if Gold's murderer would have been discovered. A correspondent says that a few days before he was in a compartment car with another man and they both watched each other as though the other was a cut-throat, for they had no assurance that such was not the case. Every time either put his hand into his pocket, the other stood ready to throttle him. No one dares to get into a compartment alone or when there is only one other person.

A most remarkable surgical operation has been performed by Dr. William Goodell, of the Philadelphia University Hospital. This was the successful removal of a tumor weighing 112 pounds from the person of a woman. The Philadelphia Times, which gives a description of the operation, says that the woman was about five feet and five inches in height, and that, owing to an ovarian tumor, she measured quite as much in girth. The tumor made its appearance about nine years ago, and grew with amazing rapidity. For some time the woman had been unable to assume any but a sitting posture, and her vitality was being slowly and surely sapped. The patient was placed under the influence of ether, and the operation safely performed in the presence of thirty attending physicians and surgeons. When the mass had been completely taken from her person it was placed in a tub of the largest size, and filled the vessel to within three inches of the top. The tumor was weighed and turned the scales, as has been said, at 112 pounds. It is believed to be the largest ever removed from a human being. Subsequently the patient, now reduced to a mere skeleton, was gently placed on the scales, and found to weigh seventy-five pounds, or thirty-seven less than the mass taken from her body. On recovering consciousness the patient could hardly find language to express the sense of relief she experienced. The absence of the weight that had been a burden to her for so many years was so novel and pleasant that she was comparatively buoyant in spirit.

THE CITY AND COUNTRY.

The Rev. Robert Collyer made the remark on one occasion that during his twenty years' residence in Chicago he had not known of a single man who had come prominently to the front in any pursuit who was born and bred in a large city. All the leading men in every calling—Judges, lawyers, clergymen, editors, merchants, and so on—had been reared in the country, away from the follies, the vices and the enervating influences that are known to exist in all large towns. The New York Times takes up the same subject, and says:

"Fashion reduces all young men and women to the same dull and uninteresting level. New York is an old city. It has produced generations of men. How few of them have ever made their mark, here or elsewhere! It cannot be that they go into other parts of the country and there develop the higher forms of manhood. They are never heard of except in the aggregate, concrete form of our 'fellow-citizens.' How much of a man is due to qualities born in him, and how much to his early environment, no philosopher has been able to tell us; but it is impossible to conceive of a sagacious intellect like that of Lincoln, or a glorious mind like Webster's, emerging from the false glitter and noisy commotion of the city. We think of Washington, the patrician sage, pacing among the stately oaks of old Virginia, of Jefferson in his country seat, and of John Adams tilling his farm in Massachusetts. These men, it is true, flourished in a time when there were no big cities in the United States. But later on we see Lincoln, Grant and Garfield reaching the topmost round of fame's ladder from the obscurity of country homes. Not one American President from first to last was born in a city."

PRESIDENT ARTHUR was first led to feel the importance of women having larger and fairer opportunities by the sympathy he felt for a sister whose health was quite broken down through long years of struggling as a school-teacher for woman's pay and man's work.

MISS JENNIE KENNEDY, an Iowa school-teacher, attempted to chastise an unruly boy-scholar, but when she made the attempt the boy drew a knife on her and she fainted. By the next day, however, she had recovered her composure, and she gave the boy a whipping which he will probably remember for a long time.

FRANK ARMSTRONG, who committed suicide recently, in San Francisco, was persecuted to his death. He once served a brief term in the Oregon penitentiary for stealing an overcoat while drunk. Being afterward restored to honest employment in Portland, every ex-convict who knew him blackmailed him in sums ranging from 50 cents to \$10, and kept him in constant fear of losing his place. He could stand the persistent calls for money no longer, and got on a spree and then resigned, going to San Francisco.

THE fact already demonstrated that elephants can be bred in this country would seem to indicate that the species might be naturalized and acclimated. Being of a tamable disposition, a few generations would domesticate them as thoroughly as horses and cows have been. The climate of the Southern States would be friendly to them, and for large operations in farming and the mechanic arts they could be made as useful as they are in India. As milk producers, they surpass the cow in point of richness, if not of economy. Prof. Doremus, the chemist, has analyzed that from the mother of Barnum's baby elephant, and pronounces it in flavor and odor superior to that of many animals.

THE rush for office at Washington was never madder, never more harassing than now. Women are frequent applicants either for themselves or their male relatives; and the dust can be laid with the tears they shed at their disappointments. Judge David Davis is the victim of these terrible women. One day not long since, one of them declared with tears in her eyes that she was starting. Happening to catch sight of her handsome gold watch and chain, he suggested that that did not look like it. To this remark she had no answer. To a group of three women who were pressing him for an appointment he gave some very sensible advice to the effect that instead of placing themselves in the ignominious position of begging for favors when there are thousands ready to crowd them to the wall, they were intelligent enough to go and learn to cook and to be housekeepers and be certain of good homes and independence. People would then be running after them instead of their having to run after people. "The position of a respectable servant in a good family," he said, "is one infinitely to be preferred to that of hanging to some beggarly office, dependent on the whim or will of some bureaucrat." His words of wisdom were of course received in high dudgeon and the three women founced out of his presence calling him an old fool and wondering what he took them for? They wanted to starve and be insulted as public servants; not to have plenty to eat, a comfortable home and be ordered about as private servants.

Fortunes for Farmers and Mechanics.

Thousands of dollars can be saved by using proper judgment in taking care of the health of yourself and family. If you are Bilious, have yellow complexion, poor appetite, low and depressed spirits, and generally debilitated, do not delay a moment, but get once and procure a bottle of those wonderful Electric Bitters, which never fail to cure, and that for the trifling cost fifty cents. (Tribune.—Sold by Penny & McAlister.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUDGE T. P. HILL, JR., is a candidate for Representative in the next Legislature, subject to the action of the Democracy.

'SQUIRE J. S. MURPHY is a candidate to represent Lincoln county in the next Legislature, subject to the action of the Democracy.

JUDGE W. O. HANSFORD is a candidate for the democratic nomination for Representative in the next Legislature.

JOS. SEVERANCE, Late of Chemnitz, Severance & Co., Stanford, Ky., with

J. M. ROBINSON & CO., Importers and Jobbers of Dry Goods, Notions, &c., 537, 539, 541 Main Street, Cor. Sixth, LOUISVILLE, - - - KY.

TO THE PUBLIC

—We will now pay special attention to—

—CUSTOM GRINDING—

We promise to give satisfaction, and when desired will give Patent Flour for Wheat. Can make either bolted or unbolted meal.

110-t McALISTER & SALLEE.

Stanford Female College.

STANFORD, KY.

With a Full Corps of Teachers,

This Institution will open its Thirtieth Session on the 24th Monday in September next.

ALL THE BRANCHES OF A THOROUGH ENGLISH COURSE

Are taught, as well as MUSIC, THE LANGUAGES, DRAWING AND PAINTING.

TERMS MODERATE.

In Tuition, prices range from \$25 to \$50 in the regular departments. Primary, \$25; Intermediate, \$50; Preparatory, \$40, and Collegiate, \$60.

For full particulars, as to Board, Ad. address, MISS S. C. TRUESDALE, Principal, Stanford, Lincoln Co., Ky.

FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.

Because your house, or your goods, or your live stock, or your other property have not been burnt or injured by fire or lightning, is no guarantee that they cannot be. Don't you think, then, that it would be prudent to insure your property in case such loss or damage should occur? If you wish at the lowest rates obtainable in any first-class insurance company, I represent several and you may take your choice. 95-5m J. S. M. PHILLIPS.

FINE FARM FOR SALE!

I offer for sale privately my excellent Little Farm of 100 acres, in the west end of Lincoln county, within 5 miles of Peyton's Well. It is 1/2 mile from the Millersville & Stanford pike and 1/2 mile from Stanford & Huntington pike. It is well watered, has good improvements, about 1/2 in grass and wheat and balance for corn next year. It is very productive. Any person applying at once can obtain a bargain.

M. J. RUFF, Millersville, Ky.

FOR SALE!

Having concluded to remove to Texas, I offer for sale my

Residence & Business House, situated in one of the best of the town of Crab Orchard, Ky., on Lancaster street. The building is two and one-half stories high, 50x75 feet and contains in all eight rooms, including a large hall, with counters and shelving nicely and properly arranged, with all the outbuildings necessary to convenience and the taste of the most fastidious, and in abundance of pure water for drinking and household purposes. Beautiful most and fruit trees, and a beautiful view of the entire premises, all a good and healthy condition. Any one desiring a cheap yet valuable residence, a comfortable and prosperous people, would do well to call and examine the premises before purchasing elsewhere. Terms reasonable.

JOHN F. STROBE.

MYERS HOTEL,

STANFORD, KY.

E. H. BURNSIDE, - Prop.

This Old and Well-Known Hotel Still Maintains its High Reputation.

Its Proprietor is Determined that it shall be Second to no Country Hotel in the State in its Fare, Appointments, or Attention to Comfort of their Guests.

Baggage will be conveyed to and from the depot free of charge. Special accommodations to be made for Commercial Travelers. The Bar will be always supplied with the choicest brands of Liquors and Cigars.

WM. DAUGHERTY

Successor to Daugherty & Hyde, STANFORD, - KENTUCKY.

MANUFACTURER OF

Fine Carriages, Buggies,

AND PHAETONS,

WAGONS OF ALL KINDS.

We manufacture Carriages of all descriptions, employing only first-class workmen and using only first-class material, and well at reasonable figures—style, workmanship and material considered.

WM. DAUGHERTY.

TO MEMPHIS, LITTLE ROCK, MOBILE, MONTGOMERY, AND NEW ORLEANS.

Emigrants to Texas have their choice of two routes: via Memphis or via New Orleans. Time much quicker and rates lower than by any other route. It is also the

QUICKEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST

Route to all points in Missouri, Kansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Nebraska, Colorado, Arkansas. Only one change to Chicago, St. Louis and East. For further information about tickets to the South, Kansas, Colorado, and emigrant rates to Florida, address

C. F. AYDRE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt., Louisville, Ky. Or F. J. Anthony, Agt., Stanford, Ky.

ONE PRICE!

ONE PRICE!

</

CIGARETTE POISON.

Emphatic Warning from Dr. Bartholow.

Physicians are generally agreed that cigarette-smoking is the worst form in which tobacco can be used, since the paper is often poisonous, the tobacco artificially flavored, and the smoke is inhaled into the lungs. The Philadelphia Times publishes the opinions of several leading medical men to the above effect. Dr. Pepper, Provost of the University of Pennsylvania, declares that cigarettes bring on indigestion and impaired vision; Dr. Risley, an oculist, says that he has had two patients who have been made blind by smoking, and other doctors are equally emphatic. We quote in full the utterances of Dr. Roberts Bartholow:

"It is high time that something were done to put a stop to this frightful evil, which is stunting the growth and ruining the health of thousands of boys. It is just horrible to see these boys—little fellows, many of them not more than 8 or 10 years old, not street boys, but well dressed and carefully-nurtured boys—gathered in knots in some corner, where they think they will not be observed, learning to smoke. Parents see their sons getting thin and yellow and irritable, the family doctor is called in, and, without going to the root of the evil, prescribes tonics which do no perceptible good."

"The prodigious increase of cigarette-smoking among boys in the last few years," continued Dr. Bartholow, "is an evil which will tend to the deterioration of the race, if it is not checked. But it is not hard to account for. Boys are very imitative. They follow the fashion with promptness and zeal. Cigarettes are the rage at Harvard. It is the correct thing to smoke these poisonous little rolls of tobacco and paper. Whatever is fashionable in a great school like Harvard is sure in a very short time to be fashionable among young men and boys all over the country. Another great cause of the mischief is that boys are very fond of imitating their elders. Smoking in public places ought to be discouraged. There ought to be a sentiment created against it, and the press is the power to create such a sentiment. Every man, when he smokes in public, ought to think that he is encouraging some boy to smoke. The boy will smoke a cigarette, imagining that he will get less tobacco in that way, and ignorant of the fact that cigarette-smoking is the most pernicious form in which tobacco is used. Tobacco in any form is a great injury to a growing boy, and the fashion of inhaling the smoke and then forcing it out through the nose is deadly in its effects. It causes catarrh in the air-passages, throat and nose, and makes the smoker disgusting, as well as puny and stunted. You will find that these cigarette-smoking youths have impaired digestions, small poor muscles, irritable tempers, and a lack of capacity for sustained effort of any kind, and I believe you will find that they do not succeed in life. The men who win are the men of strong physique. A cigarette-smoking boy will not make a strong man. These are some of the evils which the individual brings upon himself. But the mischief does not stop with the individual, but is transmitted to his offspring. Nervous peculiarities are just as readily transmitted as physical peculiarities. The acquired irritability, imperfect development and loss of nervous force of the father is inherited by the child, who in turn further impairs his health by the same process, so that in the course of three or four generations there must be a great deterioration in the race. The sale of cigarettes to boys should be prohibited by law."

Show us a man who has a lively vein of humor in his composition, and we will show you a man who is full of sympathy, whose heart is tender and sympathetic, and who is ever ready to lend a helping hand to fellow-travelers on life's highway. Humor, sentiment and charity are the three golden links that bind the fraternal fraternity together.

LITTLE JOHNNY ON SKATES.

When the first frost comes everybody takes their skates and goes and stands around a pond, a water for the ice so they can go on it and get down, but its only very old men like Gaffer Peters which has ever been to skate well and to drown themselves gracefully. Did you ever hear a bout that fellow who was skating too they was lots of fokes a skating too and his heels flew up and he set down off head? Then he that he was who he did care, so set still and lit his pipe and tried to be funny like he had set down a purpose, but when his pipe was on he eudent git up, cos he was froze fast. He tuk off his skates, but twas no use, he eudent git his feet under him, and all the girls was round him, a giggling, and his wife, wich was a big woman, she come up be hind him and she said wot a shame, and she tuk him by the collar, and puled as hard as ever she cud pull, but the fellows braced her, brok and he was down out of his trousers; so much for tryin to sho of! So that's I kno a bout skatin, but when it comes to makin a sno man I'm gude at that business, I can tell you, but no nose on him; cos it wouldn't stick. That one me and Bill made yesterday, my mother she cum to see it, and she said wot was its nose, and Billy said, O, wot he wud git cole and pain him, but wot ever he wants to blo it, Johnny he goes and fetches it. Then, my mother, she only said wot, William!

—San Francisco Argonaut.

ROMAN COOKS AND GOURMANS.

In Juvenal's time the salary of a good cook was ten times higher than that of a tutor, a man of learning and ability, who, according to Lucien, was deemed well paid with 200 sesterces a year. The salary of Dionysia, a danseuse, was 200,000. The house and establishments of the two players in pantomime, Bathyllos and Pylades, rivalled those of the richest patricians. There were three Romans named Apicius, each celebrated for devotion to gastronomy. The second, who flourished under Tiberius, was the most famous, and enjoyed the credit of having shown both discrimination and industry in the gratification of his appetite; so much so that his name has passed into a synonym for an accomplished epicure. After spending about \$800,000 on his palate he balanced his books, and, finding that he had not much more than \$20,000 left, hanged himself to avoid living upon such a pittance. Lempriere's version is that he made a mistake in casting up his books, and hanged himself under a false impression of insolvency. A noted betting man named Smith made a similar mistake in casting up his book for the Derby, and flung himself into the sea. He was fished out, discovered the mistake and ever since went by the name of Neptune Smith. Apicius, unluckily, had no kind friend to cut him down. The outrageous absurdities of Elagabalus equaled or surpassed those of Caligula and Nero. He fed the officers of his palace with the brains of pheasants and thrushes, the eggs of partridges and the heads of parrots. Among the dishes served at his own table were peas mashed with grains of gold, beans fricasseed with morsels of amber, and rice mixed with pearls. His meals were frequently composed of twenty-two services. Turning roofs threw flowers with such profusion on the guests that they were nearly smothered. At the seaside he never ate fish, but when far inland he caused the roe of the rarest to be distributed among his suite. He was the first Roman who ever wore a complete dress of silk. His shoes glittered with rubies and emeralds, and his chariots were of gold, inlaid with precious stones. With the view to a becoming suicide, he had cords of purple silk, poisons inclosed in emeralds, and richly set daggers; but either his courage failed when the moment arrived for choosing between these elegant instruments of death or no time was left him for the choice. He was killed in an insurrection of the soldiery in the 18th year of his age, after a reign of nearly four years, during which the Roman people had endured the insane and degrading tyranny of a boy. —Quarterly Review.

UNIFORM TIME.

The movement among scientific men for the establishment of a uniform system of time is steadily increasing in strength. The theory on a small scale is now in practice on all the leading railroads of the country. The trains on the New York, New Haven and Hartford road, for instance, are run on New York time furnished by the Horological Bureau of Yale College. The Vanderbilt lines from New York to Chicago are divided into three or four sections, and the same time is used at all points on each section. There are at present about eighty standards used by the railroads in this country, and nearly 100 cities furnish standards of local time. It is proposed to simplify this by dividing the country into six or less districts, and have the same time observed by the whole of each district. Another plan suggests an international time standard by the formation of twenty-four equal districts, starting from an imaginary line in the Pacific ocean. The day will be of twenty-four hours, and the place in each district will, in point of time, be just one hour ahead or behind those in the adjoining districts. The American Society of Civil Engineers at its annual meeting in New York recommended the adoption of one standard for all the railroads in the United States. —Albany Evening Journal.

HE POOLED WITH BOLIVAR'S TRUNK.

Surfeited with spangles, flip-flops, ambling horses, double-jointed riders and the hair-curling repartee of the clowns, William Malloy, of Delaware county, hid him to the elephant tent at the circus, for the purpose of solving a conundrum that has troubled his somewhat inquisitive mind a long time. "Is an elephant's trunk hollow or is it solid meat?" is the question the Delaware county representative has asked himself many times. Excepting a few philanthropic individuals who were feeding peanuts to the elephants the tent was empty when Mr. Malloy entered and made a bee-line for the biggest beast in the place. He got to work at once, and tapped and handled Bolivar's proboscis critically, but in less than five seconds after he poked his cane up one of the monster's nostrils he was making more revolutions per minute than a circular saw running with 1,000 pounds of steam on. Lulu when shot from the cannon may fly through the air more gracefully than Mr. Malloy, but certainly not half so speedily. He fell promiscuously-like about thirty feet from the spot he soared from, and as he struck the ground, Bolivar, who had watched his victim's progress through the air, raised his trunk and trumpeted triumphantly. When they picked Mr. Malloy out of the indentation his bruised person had made in the earth, and carried him out, Bolivar evinced his satisfaction by numerous grunts, which his elephantine companions joined in. Malloy was struck in the side and back by Bolivar's trunk, and, although no bones are broken, a bucketful of liniment will be required to put him in as good condition as he was before he began his investigations. —Philadelphia Press.

THE MAN WHO OUTFERRED ALL.

"They are making lots of fuss over the fact that the Jeannette survivors were compelled to live on walrus hide for three weeks," said Diffenderfer down at the club the other night; "just as though that was anything so terrible. Now, if they had gone through the hardships that I have they might talk."

"Cook's been burning your back-wheats, I suppose," said Boggs, with a satirical wink.

"Oh! I'm in earnest," said Diffenderfer. "For instance, I was lost on a Michigan prairie once, and for three days lived on a single field mouse I caught."

"That's nothing," said another member, contemptuously.

"Ain't, eh? Another time I was shipwrecked in the South Seas. Floated around on a raft sixteen days with nothing to eat but a pair of old bootlegs among ten of us."

"Good, soft calfskin isn't so bad," critically observed Skidmore, who claimed to have been a pirate, or something, in early life.

"Then, on another occasion," said Diffenderfer, bracing up again, after a while, "I was locked by mistake in a bank vault, and had to subsist over Sunday on Government bonds and coupons."

"Lots of men doing that now," said old Botts, gruffly.

"I escaped from the rebs, during the war, at New Orleans," said the narrator, growing paler and more determined as he went on, "and for six weeks hid in a swamp and lived exclusively on the east-off skin of an alligator."

"You should have boiled it," said Guffy, calmly. "That's the way I used to do in Africa."

There was a silence that could be cut with a knife after that for some time, when, just as the crowd was chuckling over the supposed extinguishment of the story teller, Diffenderfer took the bit in his teeth and made one more desperate dash for the lead.

"But, gentlemen," he continued, solemnly, "those were hardships, indeed; but nothing, absolutely nothing, compared to an experience I once endured in this city about three years ago. Through an unfortunate combination of circumstances I was compelled to eat three hotel steaks in one week!"

And with avestruck faces the sympathizing crowd arose and awarded the survivor the official cake. —San Francisco Post.

HOW MILK SHOULD BE TAKEN.

Milk is a food that should not be taken in copious draughts like beer, or other fluids which differ from it chemically. If we consider the use of it in infancy—the physiological ingestion, that is, of it—we find that the sucking babe imbibes little by little the natural food provided for it. Each small mouthful is secured by effort, and slowly presented to the gastric mucous surface for the primal digestive stage. It is thus regularly and gradually reduced to a curd, and the stomach is not oppressed with a lump of half coagulated milk. The same principle should be regarded in the case of the adult. Milk should be slowly taken in mouthfuls at short intervals, and thus it is rightly dealt with by the gastric juice. If milk be taken after other food it is almost sure to burden the stomach and cause discomfort and prolonged indigestion, and this for the obvious reason that there is insufficient digestive agency to dispose of it. And the better the quality of the milk the more severe the discomfort will be under these conditions. Milk is insufficiently used in making simple puddings of such farinaceous food as rice, tapioca and sago. Distaste for these is engendered very often, I believe, because the milk is stunted in making them, or poor, skim milk is used. Abundance of new milk should be employed, and more milk or cream should be added when they are taken. In Scottish households this matter is well understood, and a distinct pudding liquid, like a small soup plate, is used for this course. The dry messes commonly served as milky puddings in England are exactly fitted to create disgust for what should be a most excellent and delicious part of a wholesome dinner for both children and adults. —Popular Science Monthly.

A SOUTHERN SCHOOL EPISODE.

A young woman teaching school in Marion county has a man 40 years of age attending the school. He missed his lessons, whereupon the teacher announced her intention to open the pores of the skin with a switch, to see if she could teach him something in that way. He flatly declared that he could not take a whipping, and would quit school first. Finally she left it to a vote of the scholars as to whether she should whip him. The youngsters were unanimously in favor of war. The young woman then gathered the bearded scholar by the collar, and, to his utter astonishment, gave him a sound thrashing. He is now disgusted with the school business, and believes the whole thing a farce. —Marion County (Ga.) Argus.

"HOW'S BUSINESS BEEN WITH YOU, BROWN?"

"Not very lively," said Brown. "But you have made something, I suppose?"

"Oh, yes; I made an assignment."

As unloved lover: Mistress—"I understand, Mary, that you are about to get married?"

Mary—"It's a throe, mum, an' niver a nater man walked than Denis Mulcahey."

Mistress—"You love him very dearly?"

Mary—"Inade I do not." Mistress—"And why not, Mary?"

Mary—"Because he has always after botherin' to squeeze me."

—Brooklyn Eagle.

Tux silk works at Allentown, Pa., employ all the girls over 16 years of age in that town who want to work, and is compelled to advertise for more.

HOSPITALITY.

Over beyond Strasburg I came upon a farmer sitting on a log in front of a house which I at first took to be a stable, because a mule stood with his head inside. He had an acre or two cleared on the hillside, but he was a hard-up man, and no mistake. I dismounted to talk to him about the battlefield of Cross Keys, and after a while he said:

"Stranger, I'd invite you to dinner, but I presume you don't relish doggers and bacon."

Then we talked a little more about Fremont's troops, and he said:

"Stranger, I'd like to feed that horse, but my old mule has had to browse mighty fine to keep on his legs this fall."

Then we talked about Stonewall Jackson and his march up that road, and the farmer branched off with:

"Stranger, I would like to offer you a drink o' sunthin' warmin', but fact is I hain't seen a pint o' whisky since the war."

Then I inquired how far it was to Ft. Republic, and whether the bridge had been rebuilt, and he answered me and added:

"Stranger, I do feel as if I ought to say to you, my friend, that the old woman's down with chills, Sal's off over the ridge, and the fire went out an hour ago."

I mounted my horse and handed him a cigar. That broke him up. He turned it over and over, looked up and down the road and from me to the house, and finally seized my leg and exclaimed:

"Stranger, I'm poor and way down and sometimes wicked, but I'm right 'thar' when a man calls my hand! I can't feed you, nor warm you, nor give you whisky nor tobacco, but if you don't get off that horse and come over to the spring and have some water with me I'll never forgive ye on airth."

And we drank to his luck. —M. Quad.

THE LIME-KILN CLUB ON DIVORCE.

"I hold head in my hand," began Brother Gardner, as he waved the misallied aloft, "a letter from a clergyman in Tennessee axin' dis club to use its influence to secure mo' stringent divorce laws in de varns States, and to not face agin de procurement of divorce, except for the very gravest reasons. Dis club will do nuffin' de kind. On de contrary, it will vote solid to furnish all facilities for parties desirous to be unhitched with promptness and dispatch. Nuffin' comes near perditionn as an unmated an' unmatched couple tryin' to lib together as man and wife. I hold dat no couple who don't lub each other—who don't agree an' can't forgive—who won't excuse—should lib together ten minutes. If we git a house we don't like we sell it. If we git a hoss we don't like we trade him off. If we don't like de nuybhood we move away. If we don't like our nuyburs we let 'em alone. How, den, kin you 'spect husbands an' wives to put up wid ugliness, meanness, drunkenness, profanity, extravagance, an' all dat am hateful in de human heart?"

"Let 'em divorce. God intended husband and wife to lub, cherish, for ever, an' be all in all to each other. What day can't be sich it am a thousan' times better dat dey be divorced. No man or woman who had lub in der heart ever yit applied for one or ober wif. If a divorce could be had by simply payin' in a fee of 50 cents no husband mat wid his wife would think of separatin' any mo' dan he does now. People cheat an' deceive when courtin'. Married life brings out de faults which dey hide. It has allus been so, and will be so to de end, an' when husbands and wives quarrel an' hate, a law to make 'em continue to lib together am unjust an' wicked."

CHEMISTS have long been searching for quinine or an equivalent substitute from some other than the usual source—bark. The nearest approach to this is the discovery of chinoline, which has powerful antiseptic properties and has already been proved to have a good effect in cases where quinine is indicated.

A LECTURER once pretended his discourse upon the rhinoceros with: "I must beg you to give me your undivided attention. Indeed, it is absolutely impossible that you can form a true idea of the hideous animal of which we are about to speak unless you keep your eyes fixed on the lecturer!"

Very kind dog clerk to little girl—"Now be sure to tell your papa to take this medicine according to the directions on the bottle; an overdose might affect his brain." Little girl—"Oh, I guess there's no danger of that, for I've heard mamma tell him lots of times he never had any brains."

No matter how shattered the system may be from excesses of any kind, the Great German Invigorator will secure health and happiness. See advertisement. For sale by Penny & McAllister, Stanford.

Established 1840. THE CELEBRATED "BRADFORD" PORTABLE MILL. CORN, WHEAT & FLOUR. MILL WILL GRIND. Address: 1104 BRADFORD & CO. 1104, 1106, 1108 W. Second St., CINCINNATI, O.

Thousands of graves are annually robbed of their contents, lives prolonged, happiness and health restored by use of the great

GERMAN INVIGORATOR! Which positively and permanently cures Impotence, (caused by excess of any kind), Neurasthenia, and all diseases that follow a course of self-abuse, as loss of energy, loss of memory, universal indolence, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to consumption and a premature grave. Sent for circulars with testimonials free by mail. The INVIGORATOR is sold at \$1 per box, or six boxes for \$5, by all druggists, or will be sent free by mail, securely sealed, on receipt of price, by addressing

JOHN J. McALLISTER, 115 Adams Street, Toledo, Ohio. Sole agent for the United States. (21-17)

Robbed

GERMAN INVIGORATOR!

Which positively and permanently cures Impotence, (caused by excess of any kind), Neurasthenia, and all diseases that follow a course of self-abuse, as loss of energy, loss of memory, universal indolence, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to consumption and a premature grave. Sent for circulars with testimonials free by mail. The INVIGORATOR is sold at \$1 per box, or six boxes for \$5, by all druggists, or will be sent free by mail, securely sealed, on receipt of price, by addressing

JOHN J. McALLISTER, 115 Adams Street, Toledo, Ohio. Sole agent for the United States. (21-17)

Robbed

GERMAN INVIGORATOR!

Which positively and permanently cures Impotence, (caused by excess of any kind), Neurasthenia, and all diseases that follow a course of self-abuse, as loss of energy, loss of memory, universal indolence, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to consumption and a premature grave. Sent for circulars with testimonials free by mail. The INVIGORATOR is sold at \$1 per box, or six boxes for \$5, by all druggists, or will be sent free by mail, securely sealed, on receipt of price, by addressing

JOHN J. McALLISTER, 115 Adams Street, Toledo, Ohio. Sole agent for the United States. (21-17)

Robbed

GO EAST! GO WEST! GO NORTH!

VIA LOUISVILLE

AND THE—

OHIO & MISSISSIPPI R. W.

3—DAILY TRAINS—3

Louisville to Cincinnati!

THE EAST AND NORTH.

Free Parlor Cars and New Day Coaches Without Change.

4—DAILY TRAINS—4

Louisville to St. Louis

AND THE WEST.

Sleeping Cars and Day Coaches to St. Louis Without Change.

2—DAILY TRAINS—2

Louisville to Indianapolis, Chicago, AND THE NORTH

Day Coaches and Reclining Chair Cars Through Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

For Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

This is the Very Best Route, as You Have No Change of Trains.

Have Through Day Coaches on All Trains!

Have No Midnight Changes!

Arrive at St. Louis 8 Hours in Advance of Other Lines, thereby securing more time for making change of cars and getting first choice of seats in cars of connecting lines.

To Indianapolis and Chicago, and the only line giving its patrons a 12-mile ride along the shores of Lake Michigan.

For Tickets, Rates, Time, Maps, etc., apply to Ticket Agents of Connecting Lines, or address

R. S. BROWN, Southern Passenger Agent, 5 E. 2d St., Louisville, Ky.

Or to J. D. HILL, Gen'l Freight Agent, 10 W. 2d St., Louisville, Ky.

W. W. PEABODY, W. B. SHATTUCK, Gen'l Superintendents, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Cincinnati, Ohio.

KENTUCKY CENTRAL R. R.

—BY PAR—

—THE MOST DESIRABLE ROUTE TO—

CINCINNATI!

And decidedly the Popular Route, affording, as it does, less charges and superior accommodations to

Missouri, Iowa, Kansas, Texas,

the North, Northwest and West. In fact, if you make a trip in any direction, your interest will be best served by purchasing your tickets via K. C. and Cincinnati. 2 Trains each way; 2 Pullman Palace Cars; Elegant New Day Coaches; and, undoubtedly furnished Reclining Chair Cars from the unequalled equipment of this old reliable, thereby making a trip over this line one of luxurious comfort and pleasure. Try it!

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT DEC. 31, 1932.

SOUTH.

No. 1. No. 2. No. 3. No. 4.

Lv. Cincinnati..... 8:00 a.m. 2:30 p.m. 8:00 p.m.

Lv. Louisville..... 9:40 a.m. 4:10 p.m. 9:10 p.m.

Lv. Lexington..... 10:50 a.m. 5:20 p.m. 10:15 p.m.

Lv. Paris..... 11:30 a.m. 5:55 p.m. 10:40 p.m.

Lv. Lexington..... 12:30 p.m. 6:55 p.m. 11:20 p.m.

Lv. Lexington..... 1:25 p.m. 7:30 p.m. 11:55 p.m.

Lv. Winchester..... 2:00 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 12:20 a.m.

Lv. Ashland..... 2:45 p.m. 8:45 p.m. 12:55 a.m.

Lv. Ashland..... 3:40 p.m. 9:40 p.m. 1:50 a.m.

NORTH.

No. 5. No. 6. No. 7. No. 8.

Lv. Huntington..... 6:30 a.m.

Lv. Ashland..... 7:15 a.m.

Lv. Mt. Sterling..... 11:30 a.m. 5:30 a.m.

Lv. Winchester..... 11:55 a.m. 5:55 a.m.

Lv. Lexington..... 1:15 p.m. 7:00 p.m.

Lv. Lexington..... 2:10 p.m. 7:45 a.m. 5:15 p.m.

Lv. Paris..... 3:00 p.m. 8:35 a.m. 5:35 p.m.

Lv. Lexington..... 3:05 p.m. 9:12 a.m. 4:30 a.m.

Lv. Cincinnati..... 4:45 p.m. 11:25 a.m. 6:15 p.m.

MAYSVILLE DIVISION.

No. 9. Lv. Lexington 8 p.m. Arr. Mayville 8:10 p.m.

No. 10. Arr. Mayville 6:30 a.m. Lv. Lexington 7:20 a.m.

No. 11. Arr. Mayville 12:30 p.m. Lv. Lexington 1:20 p.m.

No. 12. Arr. Mayville 7:30 p.m. Lv. Lexington 8:30 p.m.

No. 6 runs daily, and has day coaches from Cincinnati to Washington, Pullman Sleepers to Kansas City, Va. and Reclining Chair Car to Lexington. Stops only at stations on K. C. & R. R. where time is given. No. 2 runs daily, except Sunday, has through coaches, has through coaches to Mt. Sterling and prior car to Mayville. No. 5 runs daily, except Sunday, has through coaches, Pullman Sleepers from Kansas City Falls and prior cars from Lexington to Cincinnati. Only three stops. No. 1 and 3 run daily, except Sunday, and have through coaches from Huntington and Mt. Sterling. Stop at Lexington with stops for Richmond, Ky., Lawrenceburg, Ky., and Versailles, Ky.

C. E. BROWN, Superintendent, Gen'l Pass. & Tkt. Agt., General Offices, Cincinnati, Ky.

Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific Railway.

TIME TABLE

In effect Dec. 31, 1932.

CINCINNATI SOUTHERN DIVISION.

SOUTHERN.

No. 1. No. 2. No. 3. No. 4.

Lv. Cincinnati..... 8:00 a.m. 2:30 p.m. 8:00 p.m.

Lv. Louisville..... 9:40 a.m. 4:10 p.m. 9:10 p.m.

Lv. Lexington..... 10:50 a.m. 5:20 p.m. 10:15 p.m.

Lv. Paris..... 11:30 a.m. 5:55 p.m. 10:40 p.m.

Lv. Lexington..... 12:30 p.m. 6:55 p.m. 11:20 p.m.

Lv. Lexington..... 1:25 p.m. 7:30 p.m. 11:55 p.m.

Lv. Winchester..... 2:00 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 12:20 a.m.

Lv. Ashland..... 2:45 p.m. 8:45 p.m. 12:55 a.m.

Lv. Ashland..... 3:40 p.m. 9:40 p.m. 1:50 a.m.

NORTH.

No. 5. No. 6. No. 7. No. 8.

Lv. Huntington..... 6:30 a.m.

Lv. Ashland..... 7:15 a.m.

Lv. Mt. Sterling..... 11:30 a.m. 5:30 a.m.

Lv. Winchester..... 11:55 a.m. 5:55 a.m.

Lv. Lexington..... 1:15 p.m. 7:00 p.m.

Lv. Lexington..... 2:10 p.m. 7:45 a.m. 5:15 p.m.

Lv. Paris..... 3:00 p.m. 8:35 a.m. 5:35 p.m.

Lv. Lexington..... 3:05 p.m. 9:12 a.m. 4:30 a.m.

Lv. Cincinnati..... 4:45 p.m. 11:25 a.m. 6:15 p.m.

MAYSVILLE DIVISION.

No. 9. Lv. Lexington 8 p.m. Arr. Mayville 8:10 p.m.